



# THE Gleichen Call



Tenth Year, No. 50

GLEICHEN, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, MARCH 1, 1917

Per Year \$1.50

## Sergt. A. S. Woods Reported Killed

Official word was received last Friday from Ottawa that Sergt. A. S. Woods is now reported killed. He has been reported missing since the 28th of last September and this last report has long been expected. He leaves a wife and three small children to mourn his loss, as well as hundreds of friends throughout this district, who join in extending the most sincere sympathy to the bereaved widow and orphans of this brave young soldier.

"Bert", as he was best known to his friends, was one of the very first from Gleichen to volunteer when war was declared and went overseas with the 31st Battalion. He proved a fine soldier, but of this and other matters we will have more to say in another issue.

## Royal Arch Masons Successful Meeting

The most successful convocation held in Capillary Masonry of this district was that held Wednesday afternoon and evening, Feb. 21st, when nine candidates were exalted to the Royal Arch Degree, Bow Valley chapter, was ably assisted

the degree work by the following brethren from Calgary: J. E. Johnston, grand superintendent, W. F. W. Leat, Magistrate Davidson and Horace Reynolds. The latter being a musician of exceptional ability presided over the musical part of the ceremonies and thereby made a very deep impression on the minds of all present during this impressive ceremony. There were brethren present from Alderson, Brooks, Bassano and Strathmore. After the conferring of degrees a social evening was spent in dancing, etc., Strathmore orchestra supplying the music which was greatly enjoyed by all. The ladies of the Eastern Star put up a sumptuous repast in way of refreshments catering being looked after by Mr. J. Miller and this end of the program could hardly be improved.

The proceedings ended about 3 p. m., all present having spent a very enjoyable evening and hoping we might have another such before long. The ladies especially hoping the Calgary brethren would be with us on all such occasions.

## FACILITATES SENDING CASH TO FRONT

### Bank of Commerce has Supply of Bank of France Notes

Through the enterprise of the local branch of the Canadian Bank of Commerce the sending of money to soldiers at the front has been greatly facilitated. The bank has secured a supply of Bank of France five franc notes which it is selling at the rate of five francs for 95 cents.

These notes are actual cash and are consequently accepted at face value anywhere in France, which makes their use preferable to postal money orders and other vouchers, the cashing of which in France entails formality.

Those having relatives or friends at the front will find this means of sending money very convenient, and will doubtless take full advantage of it instead of utilizing the more cumbersome methods.

Monday—Ad. changes required by noon at Call office.

## Patriotic Dance Realizes Sum of \$238.00

The Patriotic dance held on Friday evening netted the handsome sum of \$238 which has been paid into the Gleichen Branch of the Canadian Patriotic Fund.

The following gentlemen defrayed all expenses:

Chris Bartsch, J. O. Bogstie, J. Cameron, B. S. Corey, E. D. Hardwick, F. T. Hill, W. H. James, C. A. Millie, W. J. McHugh, N. W. McMillan, W. Walsh, J. Young. Mr. Vigor donated the extra light, H. E. Brown did all the draying, and W. P. Evans donated part of the printing free.

J. A. Ramsay and Roy Allan each gave a generous donation of \$25.

The committee tender thanks to all who assisted and are especially grateful to the R. N. W. M. P. and the city hall of Calgary, who loaned the flags and bunting. To Messrs. Richardson and Carstairs, who kindly looked after the entire decorating of the hall and gave no small amount of valuable time. To Mr. Mallory, who took charge of the ticket office and stayed at his post although nearly frozen to death and to the energetic ticket sellers.

## Palace Hotel Is Offered Free of Rent

F. A. McHugh & Sons have again taken over the Palace Hotel dining room as Messrs. Miller & Jose found they were losing money running it. They will now give it a good trial on the American plan, and if at possible will keep it going. So it is up to the public to give them the preference and not expect them to keep up this fine big hotel and compete against Chinese in shacks. They now make an offer that critics will have to accept or keep quiet in future. They will give free of rent the dining room furnished complete to the Travellers Association, the Town Council, or any person who will be responsible for breakage of the furniture, dishes, etc. Thus those who think they can make the dining room pay will be required to supply only edibles and waiters. Surely this is a fair proposition and the travellers and cranks who are chasing off to Edmonton to make the hotelmen feed them at a loss should roll up their sleeves and show us how it can be done or forever hold their peace.

## Red Cross Notes

The local Red Cross committee acknowledges with thanks the sum of \$7. The proceeds from a shooting match at Mrs. Millie's card party.

Also a donation of two pairs of socks from Mrs. J. McEwen.

The Red Cross committee sent last week to the Provincial Society in Calgary a consignment of goods which included the following articles:

Sheets	14
Pillow cases	24
Manlytailed bandages	16
T. bandages	36
Triangular bandages	21
Personal bags	10
Day shirts	6
Bodybinders	12
Washrags	8
Hospital shirts	7
Pyjamas suits	15
Night shirts	3

## Real Hot Time for "A Ratepayer"

Gleichen, Feb. 26.

Editor CALL:—Ratepayer in last week's CALL wants the Queenstown farmers to get the bridge but he wants it built where it suits him and not the people it is intended to benefit.

If there is any class of people who desire this bridge it is our Queenstown farmers. If it suits them better to have this bridge at a certain point it should be built there. Its advantage for them is in hauling wheat and Gleichen offers enough attraction as a business and trading point to draw as she always has the big bulk of these Queenstown farmers.

It is up to the business houses of Gleichen to put enough gimp into their enterprises to command the confidence of these enterprising Queenstown people. So long as we continue to do this we shall enjoy, as in the past, the pleasure of dealing with them.

The road may run slightly nearer Cluny, but in these days of automobiles, distances are obliterated and if Cluny gets a little more wheat, Gleichen will get the automobiles.

Considering what Queenstown has done for Gleichen in the past it is my opinion, a very selfish and narrow minded attitude which Ratepayer displays in last week's CALL.

Go to it Queenstown. Get the bridge where it suits you best and don't take any stock of this wire-puller.

J. A. RAMSAY.

Milo, Alta., Feby. 24

Editor CALL:—I beg your permission to say a few words to a letter published in your last issue signed by A Ratepayer. This gentleman, who appears to think that Gleichen has a mortgage on the Queenstown farmers, says among other choice bits: "That bridge must be built and must be built so as not to divert the trade from Gleichen to Cluny and it is the duty of our member to see that the bridge is built where we want it", etc.

Now, did anybody ever hear of such monumental gall. After placing the first bridge away out of our reach and after a lapse of 10 years, in which Gleichen has never lifted a finger to get a bridge, this fellow now has gall enough to tell the government to put the bridge just where he wants it, caring absolutely nothing whether it will inconvenience those who have to use it and who have been working all along to get it built. I wish to call attention of this gentleman to the fact that this bridge is being built for the purpose of enabling the Queenstown farmers to haul their grain to the nearest railway point and not for the purpose of diverting trade from Gleichen to Cluny or vice-versa. If it is possible to find a suitable crossing, we would prefer to have the bridge directly south of Cluny as this would cut off four miles each trip, which means a whole lot in hauling.

To place the bridge at the ferry crossing simply means driving four miles out of our way every time we haul a load and I dare say the Gleichen Ratepayer would like this just as little as we do if he had to haul grain.

There is, however, a possibility that we will have to compromise on half way between the two points probably near the old winter cross-

ing on the telephone line and I fail to see what difference it would make to Gleichen as it would be no further than before to anyone who wishes to trade at Gleichen.

It is quite natural that Gleichen should want and try to keep the Queenstown trade but if they try to force us they may be sorry.

I have done practically all my trading in Gleichen since coming to this district and personally I bear no grudge against any of the Gleichen merchants and I shall continue trading there as long as I receive fair treatment. But neither I nor anybody else in Queenstown will submit to force and if the Gleichen people want to keep the good will of the Queenstown farmers they had better leave this bridge question alone.

The Queenstown farmers have partly forgiven but they have not forgotten the selfish deal Gleichen put over us when the steel bridge was placed away out of our reach ten years ago and that little piece of diplomacy has cost the Queenstown farmers thousands of dollars loss in time and money. Had the bridge been placed farther east somewhere where the old ferry was located the Queenstown grain would have gone to Gleichen and there would have been no necessity of building another bridge today. But no, it had to be built west of Gleichen in order to catch the Arrowwood trade, the Queenstown trade Gleichen would get anyway as they could not help themselves. That this is true everybody admits in fact one of the oldest and most reliable business men in Gleichen told me so a year ago.

Now then, while we have partly forgiven Gleichen for that little scheme I will state that I know the feeling to a 'T' of the Queenstown farmers on this subject and if Gleichen tries to force or persuade the Government to build that bridge to suit them and for the second time put the Queenstown farmers up to unnecessary hardship there is going to be trouble and rather than spend another cent in Gleichen the Queenstown farmers will trade in any other town even if they have to go further away.

JOHN GLAMBECK.

Queenstown, Feb. 26.

Editor CALL:—A meeting of the farmers of the Queenstown District was held on Sunday afternoon at the Pioneer school. Their text was taken from the Gleichen CALL of Feb. 22, 1917, Mr. Ratepayer being bitterly denounced for the stand he has taken re the site of the new bridge.

We agreed that the Gleichen people have had their day as far as locating bridges are concerned. The steel bridge was located by three well-known business heads for the benefit of the Gleichen trade. At that time the locators of the structure openly said that they did not want the Queenstown trade and that was easily seen.

The topic of the "Suspected" Mr. Ratepayer is that we cannot get along without him. Under such a well-organized body as the United Farmers, we can prove to his satisfaction that we can live a long time without him or any advice the people can give us in locating the bridge.

J. J. McCABE.

A letter signed "Cluny Farmer" has been received at this office giving

ing "A Ratepayer" some hot shots and will be published when the writer sends us his name, which will not be made known only at his personal request. This is only newspaper etiquette, but a rule that must be complied with.

## Coming Events

Charges are 25c per line under Coming Events heading unless otherwise advertised with the CALL.

March 1—Submarines, 7 reels.  
March 3—Staudé Mak-A-Tractor films.  
March 5—Liberty Serial, 5 reels.  
March 6—A. Millikowsky auction sale.  
March 15—Carl Christensen auction sale.  
March 19—Wm. Robertson auction sale.  
March 24—The Barrier.

## MISCELLANEOUS

Notices under this heading 25 words or under 50c for one issue and 3 issues for \$1. Over 25 words one cent a word charged for each insertion.

Horses and Cattle lost and found, for sale and wanted; Seed Grain for sale and wanted; Land to sell, rent or buy, and any other of a similar nature will get quick results by being published under this heading.

Brand reading notices \$1.50 for each animal, three insertions. Over 25 words 1 cent per word extra each issue.

In order to insure publication of notices, contributors should notice

WANTED—Woman to do general housework and also girl to assist. Apply Matthews & Kidney. 49tf

FOR SALE—By Gleichen Red Cross 100 bushels Banner seed oats, raised by N. W. McMillan. Apply to P. McLean.

FOR SALE—Ford touring car 1916 model, perfect condition, not a scratch on it. Stewart speedometer, gas saver and cut out for \$450. Apply Gaudaur's Jewelry Store. 48tf

FOR SALE—7 roomed house and three lots, Apply Mrs. D. C. Wishart, Gleichen.

ESTRAY—One light grey gelding branded JA on left hip and

on left shoulder; dark grey gelding branded BUO on left hip. Shod on all feet, age 3 and 4 years. Reward for recovery, D. Gillespie, Gleichen. 45tf

\$5 reward for recovery of each of the cattle bearing the following brands: right hip, E left ribs, 5N left ribs, YA left shoulder, and

right ribs. L. Chase, Cluny. 52

FOR SALE—a few choice white Wyandotte cockerels. W. H. James, Gleichen. 45

W. H. Quail of Claresholm will pay a fair reward for information that will lead to the recovery of any of these brands: T-T right ribs, C> left hip, ZP right ribs, left ear under and over, left ear under and over, left hip. 51

## Raw Land For Sale

"We own and offer for sale a fraction containing 102 acres of the N. E. 1/4 of Sec. 26, Tp. 22 Rge. 23 at \$17.00 per acre and the full S.E. 1/4 at \$27.22-23 at \$14.00 per acre. Part cash, balance at 6%. Write or call for full particulars.

Calgary Colonization Co. Ltd.  
19 Royal Bank Chambers,  
1 Calgary, Alta.

## MATTHEWS & KIDNEY, Ltd.

The Cash Store

## DRY GOODS:

Our shelves are loaded with beautiful new Spring Goods. The travellers tell us we have the finest selection of any store between Calgary and Medicine Hat, and in many cases our prices are from 2c. to 5c. per yard less.

We would advise early buying for any repeats we may have to order will cost about 25 per cent more.

## GROCERIES:

Our Grocery Department is sure winning the its way into the hearts of new customers. No need of sending your orders away any more. We have the

Quality,  
Quantity and  
Right Prices.

Matthews & Kidney, Ltd.

## Marquis Wheat For Seed

Pure as to variety with no admixture of other grains. Germination test 99. Won 1st and 2nd Prizes at Calgary Seed Grain Fair.

Those I sold wheat to last year realized 25 bushels per acre more than their best yield in 1915.

Price at granary or fanned on application to

T. W. SNOWDEN, - Ouelletteville

## Pacific Cold Storage Company

DEALER IN

General Live Stock

We will buy your HOGS, dressed or alive, and pay you top Price.

—CALL AND SEE US—

GLEICHEN, - - - - - ALBERTA



## SIR PENYWERN'S WIFE

—BY—  
FLORENCE WARDEN

Word, Luck & Co., Limited  
TORONTO

(Continued.)

With his heart full of tenderness and compassion for the poor young wife upon whom such an unmerited blow had fallen and who had been kept in torture for so long, Sir Penywern left the library and went upstairs in search of her.

He found Daphne in her own room, leaning out of one of the windows, pale as the white dress gown she was wearing.

"Come in," she called faintly when he knocked, and she seemed to shrink at the sight of him.

But the time was gone by for hesitancy, for reserve, for all that delicacy carried to excess which he now felt might have stood in his way with his young wife in her distress.

Dashing across the room so swiftly that she scarcely had time to move away from the window at his approach, he folded her in his arms and printed a passionate kiss upon her lips.

"Oh, Pen, Pen!" she ejaculated hoarsely. "You're not angry. You don't want to scold?"

"I'm angry, very angry," replied Sir Penywern, stamping his foot with such an excess of rage that she understood it was not intended for her.

He held her away from him and gazed into her face. "I'm angry in the first place for someone who won't speak of except like that. I'm angry in the second place with the swarm of rascals whom somebody has brought round you. But I'm angry most of all with myself for being such a fool as to leave you by yourself, and to allow you to fall into the traps and snares laid for you by—"

"Hush!" She put her hand upon his mouth. "Even now I mustn't let you say that," she said.

"If you mustn't say it, I may. Do you think he is gone?"

"I don't know. But, oh, Pen, isn't it dreadful? My own father!"

She fell to whispering as she let him press her head against his breast.

"Yes, it is, undoubtedly. We're in a mess, my dear, and we want help to get us out. You won't forbid me to consult my lawyer now?"

"She shivered."

"Must you? What will they make you do?"

"Nothing that you need mind. Lawyers are all for hushing up scandals when they can. I'm sure of that."

"Oh, Pen, but the hushing up, well, it doesn't cure everything, does it?"

That was the awkward part of it. The more the truth was concealed, the worse were the suspicions entertained, inevitably, of poor Daphne.

They looked into each other's face with distress which somehow was not quite so poignant as it had been. There was the scandal to be faced; there was the world to be satisfied; and there was the truth to be concealed with as little damage as possible to the persons affected by the tragedy.

But with all this terrible weight of distress to bear, both husband and wife felt the relief of having at last someone to share the burden. They were feeling for the first time one of the greatest blessings that marriage has to bring: that consciousness of solidarity of interests that lightens grief and softens sorrow.

Neither had heretofore to bear the burden quite alone.

The scandal had to be hushed up, that was settled, and for the rest, well, they must ask the lawyer's advice about that.

Then both Sir Penywern and his wife became aware that there was something going on in the house, an unusual commotion, shutting and opening of doors, subdued whisperings, and clattering of hurried footsteps along the corridors and up and down the stairs.

With natural apprehension they went out, and Sir Penywern met the butler on the stairs.

"What's the matter, Fenner?" he asked.

The butler looked grave and distressed.

"Sir Penywern, there's a great deal the matter," he said. "You know I told you, sir, as that interfering Mr. Gartwell was about?"

"Well?"

"It's all his doing, sir."

"What is?"

"Why, Sir Penywern, they've—they've been routing in the wood, not for the first time, but it's the first time as they've found anything."

"What have they found?"

"A man buried, Sir Penywern, near the pond, the side nobody ever before thought of looking, the side away from the path. And what's more, Sir Penywern, that Mr. Gartwell's sent for a doctor, and he's come, sir, and—and for the police, and—and they've come too."

Sir Penywern turned away without a word.

The police! Concealment was no longer possible. Where would the new developments end?

### CHAPTER XXI.

Daphne, who had come out of her room with Sir Penywern, was waiting in the corridor, near the head of the stairs. She retreated instinctively a few steps when she saw her husband meet the butler, and could not hear more than a dozen words of what they were saying, for Fenner kept his voice as low as he could, not wishing to make his alarming statement within hearing of the lady.

W. N. U. 1144

When, however, the butler had gone downstairs, and his master had come up, husband and wife met, and the first look exchanged was a revelation.

"They've—they've found something!" asked she in an agitated whisper.

He nodded.

"Let us go back to your room, and I'll tell you everything," he said.

When they were once more in the big Victorian chamber, with its broad eadings illuminated and exposed by the modern electric light, they both remained a few moments without speaking.

Neither dared to begin.

He on his side, knowing that the discovery just made must throw bare the whole business, and expose them to distresses and trials which it was almost impossible to think of with reasonable calmness, could not find words in which to tell her the truth.

She, meanwhile, with her thoughts directed to a smaller issue, was afraid to ask the question on her lips: was her father arrested?

It was she, however, who recovered first.

"What is it they have found?"

"The body of Rathbone, I think."

She nodded, as if relieved.

"In the wood near the pond," she said with the assurance of one who knew.

This tone was startling.

"You knew?" said he sharply.

"Yes. My aunt's little dog, Clinchin, was scratching under a log in the wood, and—I guessed what was there."

Sir Penywern looked askance at his wife. He remembered the tale about the wheelbarrow, and his discovery of the scrap of torn lace, the young gardener's finding of the blue and white beads. And he remembered Daphne's denials that she had been to the wood on the evening of the death of Rathbone.

It seemed to him that she must have helped in the disposal of the body, and involved herself too deeply in the affair to escape a share in the scandal of the inevitable prosecution.

He wished that she could have found it in her heart to be wholly frank with him, that she would have confessed instead of denying an act which, while it was incredibly rash, was, he knew, only the result of her feelings of shuddering loyalty to the father who had proved himself so unworthy.

"You know what this means?" he asked shortly.

She gave a shivering sigh and closed her eyes, as if trying to shut out an appalling sight.

"I've been dreading it, dreading it always. Of course, I knew it must come. And now—oh, what will they do now?"

She opened her eyes again suddenly, full of the acute feminine terror which made him want to throw his arms round her and kiss her into forgetting everything but him and his love. He halfed half carried her to the window, which was open. As he placed her again in the easy chair in which she sat, she said, "The sound of their ears from the wood at the back of the house. Instinctively Daphne turned and clung to him and his impulse act did more to heal the breach between husband and wife than all the discussion of the evening."

(To Be Continued.)

### Took a Trip to New York.

Representatives of the Canadian Chewing Gum Co., Attend Big Convention

One of the greatest Salesmen's conventions ever held in the United States is believed to be that of the American Chicle Co., representatives of the company from all over the country being in attendance. The conference which was held in New York recently, was presided over by Geo. W. Hopkins, general sales and advertising manager of the American Chicle Co.

E. McPherson, the western division manager of the Canadian Chewing Gum Co., Ltd., made arrangements for some of his special representatives to attend the convention. Leaving in a special car over the C. P. R. were the following: Harry G. LeCouteur, Vancouver; H. E. Gouldbourne, Nelson; A. D. Metcalfe, Calgary; R. H. Davies, Edmonton; Frank K. Law, Saskatoon; G. W. Bright, Regina; Fred B. Christie, Brandon; H. R. White; Kenneth McIntyre and Edwin McPherson, Winnipeg.

The meetings were held in the McAlpine hotel, at which valuable and instructive addresses were given, and many helpful suggestions received. In the evenings, smoking concerts, banquets and theatre parties were arranged for the entertainment of the delegates. A special feature was a trip to the Long Island factory of the American Chicle Co. An inspection of the building proved most interesting. It is said to be one of the most sanitary factories in the world, the lighting and heating arrangements being perfect. The comfort of the employees of the factory is provided for in every way, and as one of the visiting delegates remarked it appeared to be more like a home than a factory.

The Western Canada delegates are loud in their praise of the hospitality extended to the visitors, and the royal treatment accorded them everywhere. They have returned home with many new ideas picked up at the convention, and are full of enthusiasm and optimism for a successful year upon which we have just entered.

When Governor Head was in office in New Hampshire Col. Barrett of the Governor's staff died, and there was an unseemly scramble for the office, even while his body was awaiting burial with military honors. One candidate ventured to call upon Governor Head.

"Governor," he asked, "do you think you would have any objections if I were to get into Col. Barrett's place?"

The answer came promptly. "No, I don't think I should have any objections, if the undertaker is willing."

### Saloniki Has Been a Battleground for Ages

It Fell Into the Hands of the Persians in 512 B.C.

Compared to its own great neighbors, Athens and Constantinople, Saloniki is relatively a modern city. Founded originally as an Ionian colony, the place was first known as Therme or Therna, from the hot springs which still exist in that eastern district of the bay. It fell into the hands of the Persians in 512 B.C., when Darius overran Scythia and Thrace, and Xerxes reassembled his own forces there preparatory to his invasion of Greece. The present town was founded about 315 B.C., by King Kassander of Macedonia, and named after his wife, Thessalonike, half sister to Alexander the Great. The adjoining peninsula of Kassandra takes its name from the king himself, who founded another city on its shore.

Under the Romans, Saloniki grew greatly in importance. Made a free city, the capital of the surrounding region, it became the home of many Roman colonists, and the few famous names associate themselves with the town. Cicero lived there for a time in exile, and St. Paul was another temporary resident, whose epistles to the Thessalonians we still preserve.

The Emperor Nero decorated the city with a colonnade, a few of whose battered carvings were visible there until a few years ago, under the picturesque name of "las encantadas"—"Enchanted Women." They are now in the Louvre. Trojan erected a monument in honor of the Cabiri, for they, with Aphrodite of the Baths, were patrons of pagan Saloniki. Galcius made Saloniki his headquarters. Licinius, co-emperor with Constantine the Great, died or was put to death there in 324 by his successful rival, Theodosius the Great also lived there, in 380, in order to keep his eye on the Goths.

After his retirement to Milan, 10,000 of the Thessalonians were butchered in the circus, in punishment for insulting the emperor's lieutenant, St. Ambrose, bishop of Milan, thundered from the pulpit against the imperial murderer, and Theodosius eventually made a most humiliating public penance.

During the Byzantine period Saloniki became the second city of the empire. Its situation made it the commercial capital of the Balkan Peninsula, and it rivalled Constantinople as a port of traffic between the East and West. Its wealth and its comparative immunity also made it a frequent object of attack. Avars, Goths and Huns came time and again to its gates. The Saracens captured and sacked it in 904. The Normans descended upon it in 1185.

And it is not uninteresting to recall that among the most assiduous of these redoubtable visitors were the Serbs, and especially the Bulgars. These neighbors owed much to Saloniki, from whom they took their faith, and incidentally their alphabet; for it was from Saloniki that St. Cyril and St. Methodius went forth to convert and to civilize the hardy mountaineers of the Balkans. The hardy mountaineers, however, lost no opportunity to take more merchantable loot from Saloniki, though the city itself they never held for long.

After the conquest of Constantinople in 1204 by the Franks and Venetians of the Fourth Crusade, Saloniki fell to the lot of Boniface, Marquis of Monterrat, who made it the capital of an imaginary kingdom. In 1222 King Demetrius, son of Boniface, was driven out with his Lombard nobles by a Byzantine prince of Epirus. The ensuing two hundred years were the most unhappy in the troubled history of the Thessalonians, who were fought over and bandied about by Greeks, Serbs, Catalans, Venetians and Turks.

The Turks first appeared upon the scene in 1380. They did not definitely take possession, however, until 1430. Then Sultan Mourad II., father of the conqueror of Constantinople, captured the town from the Venetians, gave it over to sack and massacre, and carried off seven thousand of the inhabitants into slavery and changed many of the churches into mosques, or tore them down for use in his own buildings. Some of the marbles of Saloniki were carried as far away as Adrianople.

For nearly five hundred years the Turks remained in undisturbed possession. Yet it is perhaps not quite accurate to describe their possession as undisturbed, for during the latter part of that period the frontiers of the empire drew steadily nearer, while toward the end of it Macedonia became the scene of incessant revolutionary outbreaks.

In 1904 the European powers attempted to solve the situation by making Saloniki the seat of an international board that administered the finances of Macedonia and organized a well drilled and well equipped police force. This foreign surveillance precipitated the Turkish revolution of the same year.

The revolution was organized in Saloniki and proclaimed there. In 1909 the progress of the revolution brought about the dethronement of Abdul Hamid II., who was thereupon exiled to Saloniki. Nowhere else in the empire would it have been more difficult for him to corrupt his keepers or to escape, and he spent three and a half years as a prisoner in a suburb of Saloniki.

The outbreak of the Balkan War in the autumn of 1912 made it advisable for the ex-sultan to be removed to Constantinople. He was most unwilling to return, however, and was only persuaded to do so by

an emissary of the German ambassador, who took him through the Greek blockade in the dispatch boat of the embassy.

A few weeks later the Greek army entered the city, followed closely by a smaller detachment of Bulgarians. The final treaty of peace, signed at Bucharest in 1913, adjudicated Saloniki, with the remainder of the Chalcidice and their strategic hinterland, to Greece.

But it apparently is written that Saloniki never long shall enjoy the blessings of peace.

### Aviators in Early Days

The "Balloon Stone" Marks Flight as Far Back as 1784

Where is the earliest of aviators' monuments? Very few could answer that question correctly. For one thing, you must define exactly what is meant by the term "aviator." The earliest of the several memorials in England to men who have sought the conquest of the air is the "Balloon Stone," a huge, rough boulder placed in a meadow at Staudon End, Hertfordshire. A hinged metal plate on its upper side bears a pompous inscription, which says:

Let Posterity Know and Knowing be Astonished That on the 15th Day of September, 1784, Vincent Lunardi of Lucca in Tuscany, the First Aerial Traveller in Britain, Mounting from the Artillery Ground in London and Traversing the Region of the Air for Two Hours & Fifteen Minutes in this Spot Revisited the Earth.

There is a great deal more, but so much will perhaps be sufficient. At any rate, posterity, coming to have a look at the stone, seems to be more astonished at the lavish use of capital letters and the entire absence of punctuation than at Signor Lunardi's achievement. Posterity has reason to be like that, for it has done infinitely more astonishing things.

There was indeed an earlier "Flying Man," or, to be exact, two of them, but this was an absurd misuse of the term.

One was Thomas Pelling, of Burton Strather, who skinned down a rope from the steeple of Pocklington church in Yorkshire, and incidentally dashed out his brains in so doing, April 14, 1733. His epitaph says he was "commonly called the Flying Man."

The other was "Cadman, the Flying Man," who, in 1739, met his death in much the same way when sliding down a rope from the spire of St. Mary's church, Shrewsbury.

Nowadays, however, when experiments were being made which led to the present era of "heavier than air" flying machines—things of which the old balloonists with their gas bags which floated only because they were lighter than the atmosphere, never dreamed. The first of the heavier than air type were "gliders," without engines. The principle was something like that of the box kite.

On September 30, 1809, Percy Pilcher, using a glider, essayed a flight before a great number of people in Stanford Park, the seat of Lord Bray, between Rugby and Market Harborough. He had gone only 150 yards when a gust of wind upset his machine. He fell sixty feet and received injuries from which he died, October 2.

Lord Bray has erected in the midst of his vast park a stone column where the "first British aviator" fell, with the significant words, "Altero Icarum"; that is to say, "the other Icarus"—Icarus being that person of classic myth who, trying to fly with wings attached to his shoulders with wax, found the wax melted by the sun and his wings unstuck, by which he too came to a sudden end.

Soon after Percy Pilcher's untimely end came the application of the rotary petrol engine to the problem of elevating and driving the heavier than air machine. This at once solved the problem of flight, and great deeds were soon done. On July 25, 1909, one of the greatest doings in the history of the conquest of the air was recorded when Bleriot, flying from Calais to Dover, was the first man to cross the Channel by airplane. The flight across occupied only 37 minutes.

A monument to that event is to be seen let into the turf of the North Fall Meadow on the hills behind Dover Castle. It is in a cement model of the monoplane with which Bleriot flew those twenty-one miles. — Answers, London.

### The Substitute

Sir Alfred Turner tells the following old chestnut in his "Sixty Years of a Soldier's Life."

The regiment to which he belonged was once billeted in Carrick-on-Sull the officers being lodged in the only inn in the place boasted. The little inn was of the plain order. For instance, no tablecloth was produced at dinner, table linen being considered a needless superfluity.

Nevertheless, nobody thought it worth while to make any complaint. Early next morning, however, the maid knocked at the door of the regimental doctor and asked him in suppliant tones if he would spare her one of the sheets from his bed. He asked her why.

"Sure, your honor," she replied, "one of the gentlemen has come down with a terribly proud stomach to his breakfast and he says he must have a tablecloth. The master has none, and he will be obliged if you will let him have one of your sheets, which are the only ones in the house that have no holes in them."

She: Do you write poetry?  
He: The editors say not.

### Boy Scout Notes

The Opinion of Prominent Men Regarding Boy Scout Movement

The Earl of Derby says in a letter to the Chief Scout:

"Please convey my most grateful thanks for the assistance the Scoutmasters and Boy Scouts throughout the United Kingdom have been good enough to give in their various localities to those who have been engaged in the recruiting campaign. I hear from all sides what valuable work they have done and I would like to put on record my great appreciation of their patriotic services."

Admiral Sir John Jellicoe: "The manner in which the Boy Scouts are coming forward to help the Empire in her hour of need is magnificent, and is a most encouraging sign for the future of the Empire and of the British race."

"Scouting is already part of the life in many schools throughout the land; schools of every type and grade, including Elementary or Continuation Schools in London, Manchester, York and Scarborough (Sea Scouts) etc., in the Manchester and other Grammar Schools; and in Preparatory Schools such as the six at Winchester, Folkestone, and elsewhere. These are but a few illustrations of the educational endorsement Scouting has received."

"A recent article in the Nineteenth Century confirmed by numerous extracts from the German press has shown how the nation which is governed more than any other by collective discipline—namely—the German—is conspicuously averse to self-discipline and self-control among its individual citizens; crimes of violence and shame being rampant in that country in addition to the brutalities shown in war. General subservience through fear of punishment is not a true discipline; it does not come from the individual command of self and from the desire to serve and to do one's duty."

The right spirit has to be and can be inculcated into the boy—but not by drill. It is done by expanding his individual sense of responsibility and not by making him part of a machine.

"Lieut.-General Sir W. R. Birdwood says: 'I have heard how well the Boy Scouts, ever since the outbreak of the war, have acted up to their famous motto, and how well prepared they have been to occupy and hold the long trench line of public duties in Britain and Overseas.'"

Sir Lauder Brunton, writing in the

Nineteenth Century and After: "It is not merely teaching but training that boys need. It is all very well to teach them that they ought to be brave, strong, observant, self-reliant, ready to obey the call of duty, virtuous and unselfish. Merely preaching these virtues to boys is of little use. We need a system which makes the boys practice them, and that is what the Boy Scout Movement supplies."

### Australia's Premier

Rose from the Ranks

Deaf, Nervous, Dyspeptic, Mr. Hughes' Gifts Have Raised Him to High Position

Deaf, nervous and dyspeptic, with a constitution undermined by the terrible hardships of his early days, one marvel at the superb manner in which William Morris Hughes, the Australian Premier, has risen to become one of the first men of the Empire.

"Not many inches over five feet in height, not greatly over seven stone in weight, born under the severest handicap, he has made himself one of the greatest men alive by sheer force of intellect and will. Poverty from which he had fled, haunted him for half a decade in Australia. It was not until he was nearly forty years of age that his extraordinary gifts were allowed to earn him adequate freedom from pecuniary anxieties."

Such is the picture which Douglas Sladen draws in his absorbing story of "Hughes of Australia," entitled "From Boundary Rider to Prime Minister" (Hutchinson). Mr. Hughes was a pupil-teacher at the Burdett Coutts School in Westminster, when he was first fired with an ambition to go to Australia and at nineteen with a few shillings in his pocket after he had bought a poor outfit and his ticket, he set sail for the Commonwealth, where, after many trials, he was to become chief citizen.

Mr. Hughes' first idea when he landed in Australia was to take up the profession of teaching, but as the only job offered him was one at just over a pound a week, he decided to go up country. He "jumped his bludge" (carried his pack on his back) into the interior, and in due course became a shearer, a "roustabout" (i.e. the man who does any kind of job that turns up), a boundary rider, a scrub clearer, a cook for timbergetters in the forest, a cook in a bush hotel, and a workman at various mechanical trades on land. Then he went to sea as an ordinary seaman

before the mast, and ultimately as cook and steward on a sailing ketch. Often he did not know where the next meal was coming from, and it was through sleeping in the open, when he spent fifteen months as a sheep-driver, that brought on a chill, resulting in permanent deafness—only one of the almost insurmountable barriers which stood between him and his present greatness.

But force of character and personality told, and, ten years after, Mr. Hughes had landed in Australia as an immigrant he was a member of the New South Wales Parliament for one of the divisions of Sydney itself, being then only thirty years old. At thirty-six he was a member of the Federal Parliament, at forty a Cabinet Minister, and at forty-one Attorney-General. Ten years later the boundary rider had become Prime Minister of Australia.

The letters which schoolmasters receive from parents are not only sometimes difficult to decipher, but also quaintly compiled. Recently a Northamptonshire teacher received the following letter from the mother of an absent scholar: "Onored sir, yesterday a boy threw a stone in my Tom's eye, and he can't see out of it. I'll you please see into it." Occasionally parents got to the point with a candor that is refreshing. "Sire, please excuse my son a scratching himself today, but he's got a new flannel shirt on." The teacher who received this missive would read it with relief.

The Bishop of Rhode Island, who before his elevation to the Bench had been a fanatic preacher of temperance in and out of the pulpit, recognizing a former member of his congregation staggering through a New York street, exclaimed:

"What! Dawson! Drunk! How often have I preached temperance to you? I am sorry! I am sorry!"

Dawson, pulling himself together as the Bishop passed on, called to him, "B'ship! B'ship!" and on his Lordship hurrying back in the hope of hearing a resolution of repentance, he hiccupped out, "B'shop! If you really are sorry I forgive you!"

Friend: What is your baby going to be when he grows up?

Financier: A blackmailer, I'm afraid.

Friend, Impossible! What makes you think that?

Financier: We have to give him something every little while to keep him quiet.

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## DO YOU DREAD WINTER?

If every man, woman and child in this vicinity would only take one spoonful of

# SCOTT'S EMULSION

after meals for one month, it would put vigor in their blood to withstand the rigors of winter weather and help prevent colds, grippe and winter sickness.

SCOTT'S is a fortifying medicinal-food of particular benefit in changing seasons, and every drop yields direct returns in richer blood, stronger lungs, and greater resistive power. **Insist on SCOTT'S.**

Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont.

## Buffalo Bill

The death of "Buffalo Bill" seems another link with American pioneer days. The extraordinary skill with the rifle from which he received his best-known title was the least of his achievements. He graduated in the Kansas of half a century ago, when it was an extremely hard school, served with distinction through the Civil War and it was not until after these episodes that he earned his nickname by killing 4,280 buffaloes in eighteen months. This feat was achieved in connection with a contract he held from the promoters of the Kansas Pacific Railroad to provide meat for the construction gangs. But all these things are long since forgotten. His more enduring claim to fame, certainly so far as the present generation are concerned, is his leadership of the famous Wild West Show, with which he toured the world.—Montreal News.

## STARTED WORK AGAIN AFTER 60

St. Raphael, Ont.  
"Four years ago I had such pains in my back that I could not work. I read about Gin Pills and sent for a sample and used them, and found the pains were leaving me and that I was feeling better. After I had taken six other boxes of

# GinPills

**FOR THE KIDNEYS**  
I felt as well and strong as I did at the age of 30. I am a farmer, now 61 years old.  
Frank Zealand.  
All druggists sell Gin Pills at 50c a box, or 6 boxes for \$2.50. Sample free if you write to NATIONAL DRUG & CHEMICAL CO. OF CANADA, LIMITED, Toronto, Ont.

## Terrest Language in Europe

English Language Found to be the Easiest for Diplomatic Correspondence

The phrase "Wait and see" has bothered the French newspaper correspondents in London lately. No account of the crisis, of course, would have been complete without it, yet only one correspondent, M. Courdier, of the Journal de Geneve, has attempted to translate it. His version is: "Attendez, et vous verrez ce qui arrivera." Thirteen syllables against three! It is a curious fact, always brought out for instance by the polyglot versions of the resolutions of international societies, that English is the simplest language in Europe. The English version on such occasions is always much shorter than the French or Italian. At the beginning of the war, when all cables had to be in English or French, the Italian and Russian correspondents in London chose English, and found their cabling expenses much reduced.—Manchester Guardian.

## Andean Keyholes

A curiosity of Andean villages are the doors of the houses, which are hard to open and hard to close, but which, despite the intricacy of the locks, admit the air freely. On all sides, Harry A. Frank describes one such door, writing in the Century Magazine of the town of San Pablo, Colombia. "The keyhole was in the shape of a swan: others in the town, and all through Narino, have the form of a man, horse, goose and a dozen other ludicrous shapes. These home-made doors of Andean villages never fit easily, and their locks always have some peculiar device of their own, so that by the time the traveller learns to unlock the door of his lodging without native assistance he is ready to move on."

The worms that infest children from their birth are of two kinds, those that find lodgement in the stomach and those that are found in the intestines. The latter are the most

valuable as they are to the of the intestines, and if not interfered with, work havoc there. Miller's Worm Powders dislodge both kinds, and while expelling them from the system serve to repair the damage they have caused.

## A Brisk Trade

A shy young man had been calling for months on the sweetest girl in the world, but, being bashful, his suit languished. Finally she decided it was up to her to start something, so the next time he called she pointed to the carnation in his buttonhole and said:

"I'll give you a kiss for that carnation." The young man's color outdid the carnation in brilliancy, but the exchange was made. Then he grabbed his hat and started to leave the room. "Why, where are you going?" she asked in surprise.

"To the florist's for more carnations," he called from the front door.—New York Times.

Makes Breathing Easy.—The construction of the air passages and the struggle for breath, too familiar evidence of asthmatic trouble, cannot daunt Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. This is the famous remedy which is known far and wide for its complete effectiveness even under very severe conditions. It is an untried, experimental preparation, but one with many years of strong service behind it. Buy it from your nearest dealer.

## Will Create Mighty Armada

Britain Can Build a Standardized Ship in 90 Days

The creation of a mighty armada of British mercantile shipping within six months after the end of the war is prophesied by a naval authority. Facilities for ship building in Great Britain, it is asserted, have been so greatly augmented during the war that British yards can easily outdistance all German competition.

"Once our effort is concentrated on merchant shipping," this official said, "it will be possible to build vessels in less than 90 days and perhaps faster, if they are standardized ships. Even with so much labor diverted to war purposes we have been able to construct 9,000-ton liners in three months' time."

"The stimulus to shipbuilders working under war pressure and on war vessels will continue when it comes to building merchantmen, for the men will accept the challenge of the Germans. Never in her history has Britain had at her disposal such a highly efficient and large body of shipbuilders as she will have when the war closes. We can view the future with equanimity, regardless of German predictions."

Elderly Sister.—So, Mr. Goodcatch said I had teeth like pearls. And what did you say? Kid Brother.—Oh, nothing, 'cept that you were gradually getting used to 'em.

## Weather and Battles

Bad Weather Often Has Contributed to the Failure or Success of Armies

Weather, which has been hampering the operations of our armies, has in all times influenced the course of battles. Its effect, however, has generally been one-sided, and some past examples form a hopeful precedent for today. At Crecy, for instance, the "great rain," which Froissart records, rendered useless the bowstrings of the Genoese archers, but the English bows, being in cases, were not affected. At Plassey, too, a heavy shower of rain damaged the enemy's powder to such an extent that his fire slackened, and Clive was enabled to avenge the massacre of the Black Hole. Bad weather materially contributed to the failure of Napoleon's expedition against Russia; and the Austrians, in their retreat at Solferino, were saved from annihilation by a hurricane so fierce that, according to the "Moniteur" of that day, "nothing could any longer be distinguished on the field of battle."—London Chronicle.

## Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Heaven Second Choice

The late Bishop of London was once ordered by his physician to spend the winter in Algiers. The Bishop said it was impossible, he had so many engagements. "Well, my Lord Bishop," said the specialist, "it either means Algiers or heaven."

"In that case," said the Bishop, "I'll go to Algiers."—The Argonaut.

## GUARD THE BABY AGAINST COLDS

To guard the baby against colds nothing can equal Baby's Own Tab-W. Hopkins, general sales and advertiser, will keep the little one's stomach and bowels working regularly. It is a recognized fact that where the stomach and bowels are in good order that colds will not exist; that the health of the little one will be good and that he will thrive and be happy and good-natured. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

## At The Concert

We arrived very early at the piano recital, and while we sat waiting for it to begin we listened to the conversation of two women directly behind us. They were talking in shrill and penetrating whispers of their diseases, all that they had had, had now, had heard of other people having. They mentioned the liver, the heart, the lungs, and other well-known parts of the anatomy, with rhythmic regularity.

"My dear," said my friend to me, wearily, "did you say this was to be a piano recital? It sounds to me more like an organ recital."

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Canadians wanted for the Royal Naval Canadian Volunteer Reserve for immediate overseas service. Only men of good character and good physique accepted.

Pay \$1.10 Minimum per day—Free Kit.

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Experienced men from 38 to 45, and boys from 15 to 18 accepted for service in the CANADIAN NAVAL PATROLS for defence of the Coast.

Apply to the Nearest Naval Recruiting Station, or to the

Dept. of the Naval Service OTTAWA

## Women to Wear Overalls

Overalls for women! Overalls of silk, overalls of satin, overalls of cotton, overalls in dots and stripes and checks are being manufactured by one of the largest manufacturers of the bifurcated garment, hitherto sacred only to man. The women are going to wear them, too. It's all due to the war, they claim.

The overalls already have been adopted in one New York factory for women employees, and many women are wearing them to do household work. Large overalls orders have been placed by department stores in anticipation of the new mode.

"Had your vacation yet, old man?" "Not yet. I'm going to take mine the same time the boss takes his. Then he can't see how easily the office can get along without me."

"Try dates with nuts"—a line we read today ran thus—The nut is pretty smart. Who gets a date with us.

## Quiet Enjoyment

"Didn't you tell me that Dubwaite was an entertaining conversationalist?" "I did."

"Yet he never talks about anything but himself."

"Exactly. And there is nothing I enjoy more than laughing in my sleeve."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Banks: Is young Featherly a responsible sort of person? Brookes: Yes, he's responsible for most of the mistakes in our department.

A frugal Scot, wishing to light up, asked a number of fellow-passengers for a match. None of them having one, Sandy said resignedly: "Awel, I'll have to use yin o' ma ain."

Hostess: Doesn't it seem a shame, Mr. Jones, that this poor little lamb should have to die for us? Mr. Jones: Ah, yes, indeed! It is rather tough.

# The Non-cathartic Nature cure for Constipation

## Helps the System to Cure Itself.

You cannot cure constipation by violent methods. Violence is never effective against nature. That is why the use of morning pills and purgative pills so easily become a habit. These things do not cure the trouble; they only force matters, and in so doing weaken the bowels till natural action becomes impossible, and you have to go on taking your pills or salts indefinitely. Compare Dr. Cassell's Instant Relief. This great tonic laxative helps nature by strengthening the bowels, natural action is restored and a cure effected which is real and lasting.

Dr. CHAS. F. FORSHAW, D.Sc., F.R.M.S., a well-known British Scientist, writes:—"Never take Salines or Purgatives for Constipation—to force Bowel action is to aggravate the trouble and create the Constipation habit. I recommend as a superior and convenient treatment Dr. Cassell's Instant Relief."

Take Dr. Cassell's Instant Relief for constipation, biliousness, torpid liver, steth headache, dizziness, spots before the eyes, flatulence and windy system, acidity, heartburn, indigestion, and that dull, heavy feeling which is a sure indication of liver troubles.

Price 60 Cents from all Druggists and Storekeepers.

or direct from the sole agents for Canada, Marola F. Ritchie and Co., Ltd., 18, School Street, Toronto. War Tax, 2 Cents extra.

Dr. Cassell's Instant Relief is the companion to Dr. Cassell's Tablets.

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LIVER TONIC  
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# Which?

Which is your choice? Dreary, unproductive stump lands, the taxes on which eat into your profits? Or rich, cultivated fields that yield bountiful crops, and put money into the bank for you? You can transform your barren stump lands into productive cultivated fields with a

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## DANGER SIGNALS.

No engineer would be mad enough to run by the flag which signaled danger. What the danger was he might not understand, but he would take no chances. It is different with the average man or woman. They attempt constantly to run by the danger signals of nature and that attempt costs thousands of lives every year.

When the appetite becomes irregular or entirely gives out, when sleep is troubled and broken, when there is a loss of flesh, when there is a constant feeling of dullness and languor, nature is hoisting the danger signal. The stomach and its allied organs are failing in their work and the body is losing the nutrition on which its strength depends.

Such a condition calls for the prompt use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

It is the world's proved blood purifier. It's not a secret remedy for its ingredients are printed on the wrapper. Start to take it to-day and before another day has passed, the impurities of the blood will begin to leave your body through the liver, kidneys, bowels and skin, and in a few days you will know by your steadier nerves, firmer step, keener mind, brighter eyes and clearer skin that the bad blood is passing out and new, rich, pure blood is filling your arteries. The same good blood will cause pimples, acne, eczema and all skin eruptions to dry up and disappear. It's a tonic and body builder. Get it to-day in either liquid or tablet form or write Dr. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., for free medical advice.

## Bewildering

Crawford: Your wife seems to be all tangled up in her housekeeping. Crabshaw: You see, she tries to do the women's magazines.—Life.

## Germany's Steel Output

Maintain Supply Is the Cause of Anxiety in Enemy Country

Francis Gribble, in an article on Germany's munitions, published in The London Chronicle, says:—"Though the censorship is strict in Germany, awkward truths have a way of leaking out through the columns of trade organs and technical papers, and it may now be gathered from these instructive sources that the munition supply is a cause of increasing anxiety. First and foremost there is an admitted scarcity of railway rolling stock. Large orders for fresh stock were placed in 1915, but, owing to the state of the labor market, only about fifteen per cent. of these orders have been executed. The chief consequence of the scarcity in 1915 was that the farmers failed to get manure and had a shockingly bad harvest. The present complaint is that there is not enough waggons to convey coke to the blast furnaces, with the result that the production of steel is menaced. Difficulty exists even in Westphalia and the Rhine provinces, where the Essen syndicate had to diminish its deliveries of coke by one-half."

That is one reason why the metallurgical crisis is so imminent. Another may be found in the increasing lack of labor which is diminishing the output alike in the coal mines and iron mines, as a few selected figures will show."

Gribble then points out that the number of workmen employed in German coal mines in 1913 was 405,183, and they were reduced to 294,852 in the last three months of 1916. The output of iron ore of the three leading companies for 1915-1916 increased by 3,713,638 tons as compared with 1913-1914.

Gribble continues: "Some companies are now working at old dumps of ore containing less than twenty-five per cent. of iron, because skilled mining labor is not available in sufficient quantity. The proportion of women employed in the iron and steel industries has increased during the war from seven to nineteen per cent. There have been no adequate facilities for training them or other unskilled or partially skilled substitutes for skilled hands."

For years "Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator has ranked as the most effective preparation manufactured, and it always maintains its reputation.

He was about to propose, but before doing so he wished to make sure she was a competent girl. So he asked her:

"Can you wash dishes?" "Yes," she said sweetly. "Can you wipe them?"

He didn't propose.

W. N. U. 1144

Do not be talked into accepting a substitute. Imitations disappoint.

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Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50 cents a box, 6 for \$2.50, all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.



# THE GLEICHEN CALL

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SUBSCRIPTION, \$1.50 Per Year. Foreign Countries \$2.00  
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THURSDAY, MARCH 1, 1917

## Bow River Bridge Location

The letter by "A Ratepayer" in our last issue criticising the location of the proposed new bridge across the Bow river south of Cluny makes it necessary for the CALL to refer to the history of the present bridge as "Ratepayer" rather selfishly would change the location of the new bridge for the benefit of Gleichen town.

It is only natural Gleichen townspeople want everything possible to lead to this place, but we must be liberal enough to look at the best interests of the entire district.

As we understand it the new bridge is to be located exactly where the ferry is now as at this point the river is as narrow as any in the vicinity where an easy grade can be obtained to the bridge on each side of the river, although some would have it further down. This leaves Gleichen in exactly the same position as it is at present. No doubt Cluny will get a greater benefit, although practically all the Queenstown grain is now hauled to Cluny. But most of the Cluny people transact their business in Gleichen, and, therefore, this town will receive considerable benefit.

The location of present bridge has been a sore point with the Queenstown farmers for years, some of them stating it was placed where it is for purely selfish motives on the part of the people of Gleichen, and now "Ratepayer's" letter might give reason to think that such was the case ten years ago, when the "Riley" bridge was located—far from it.

The CALL man wrote the letter that located the "Riley" bridge where it is as secretary of the Gleichen and District Board of Trade; and, therefore, believes it duty to now tell how and why it came about.

E. H. Riley, then member of this constituency and to whom credit is due for securing the \$175,000 structure, wrote asking the Board of Trade to state where the bridge should be situated. The board appointed a committee and the night the committee reported on their visit to the river Messrs. Brown, Robertson, Solberg and other Queenstown farmers were invited to the meeting, and after consulting maps and discussing the matter fully a resolution was passed unanimously that the secretary write Mr. Riley requesting him to have the bridge located at a point between the East and West Arrowwood creeks, pointing out that this would be nearly due south of town and serve the farmers equally of Queenstown and Arrowwood district. Although the former was much more densely settled at that time the latter is now well filled up, and the bridge is a service that could not be dispensed with.

Now, if there is any fault to find that the Riley bridge should have been built further east the Queenstown farmers present had only to say so that night for Mr. Riley saw that the request was granted to the letter, but evidently they were not familiar with their country as after the structure was complete it was found they had a long hard trail to cover in order to reach it, although one man present had resided there more than twenty years.

The Queenstown farmers have worked under most extreme difficulties for years and the CALL sincerely hopes they will get the new bridge located where it will be of greatest advantage to those who have to use it.

## A. MILIKOWSKY

1 Mile North of Lake MacGregor, School House, N. W. Quarter Section 34-18-22

Under instructions from A. Milikowsky I will offer for sale at Public Auction without reserve all his

Farm Implements,  
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This Company—farmer owned; farmer controlled—with its expert buying and marketing facilities is at your service. We will give you latest track quotations on your grain and live stock, handle same on consignment and secure for you highest possible market prices, or buy for you or your neighbors practically any commodity you wish for use on the farm such as Lumber, Posts, Machinery, Salt, Fruit, Wire, etc., at rock bottom prices.

We profit only when you profit; our interests are one and the same.

Write to-day for complete information.

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We move anything with two ends

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Split and round cedar

Now is the time to be hauling out your next summer requirements before you start your spring work.

Our stock of building material for spring work is complete. Let us quote you on your new buildings.

Give us a Trial

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is offering his excellent business of

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An excellent business is now being done and possession can be had immediately. Apply to

A. JENSEN, STANDARD

## TO INVESTORS

THOSE WHO, FROM TIME TO TIME, HAVE FUNDS REQUIRING INVESTMENT MAY PURCHASE AT PAR

## DOMINION OF CANADA DEBENTURE STOCK

IN SUMS OF \$500, OR ANY MULTIPLE THEREOF

Principal repayable 1st October, 1919.

Interest payable half-yearly, 1st April and 1st October by cheque (free of exchange at any chartered Bank in Canada) at the rate of five per cent per annum from the date of purchase.

Holders of this stock will have the privilege of surrendering at par and accrued interest, as the equivalent of cash, in payment of any allotment made under any future war loan issue in Canada other than an issue of Treasury Bills or other like short date security.

Proceeds of this stock are for war purposes only.

A commission of one-quarter of one per cent will be allowed to recognized bond and stock brokers on allotments made in respect of applications for this stock which bear their stamp.

For application forms apply to the Deputy Minister of Finance, Ottawa.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, OTTAWA  
OCTOBER 7th, 1916.

## BUY AN IRRIGATED FARM FROM THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY BECAUSE:

Irrigation makes the farmer independent of rainfall, and insures good crops, not occasionally, but every year.

Irrigation makes possible the successful culture of alfalfa, the king of fodders, which insures good returns in dairying and mixed farming.

Irrigation means intensive farming and close settlement with all the advantages of a densely populated agricultural community.

Irrigation in the Canadian Pacific Railway Irrigation Block is no longer an experiment, the years that it has been tried having absolutely demonstrated its success wherever intelligently applied.

You can buy irrigated land from the Canadian Pacific Railway at prices up to \$50 per acre, with 20 years to pay and the privilege of a loan of \$2,000 for improvements

(6% interest); no principle after first payment until end of fourth years, reduced interest if settlement conditions are complied

and no water rental for first year. Contract can be paid off before maturity if desired.

This is the most liberal offer of irrigated farm land on record. For full particulars apply to

**ALLAN CAMERON, Gen. Supt. of Lands,  
Canadian Pacific Railway, Dept. of Natural Resources, 928 1st St. E.  
CALGARY, ALBERTA**



## The 1917 Ford Touring Car \$495.00

f. o. b Ford, Ont

If your plans for 1917 include an automobile for you, home or for your business, the Ford Touring Car at \$495 is the best investment you can make.

It gives you everything you can ask of a motor car in the way of service; it is yours for less than five hundred dollars and it exacts but little from you for running expenses after you buy it.

By all means, see our models demonstrated and give us your order early—

**W. R. McKIE, Manager,  
GLEICHEN - - - ALTA.**

*Ford Motor Company*  
OF CANADA, Limited



(Continued from last week)

# Help Shorten The War

## JOIN THE ROYAL NAVY

Let not the Navy, now of all times, be hampered by the lack of men!

The first urgent appeal to Canadians to join the Royal Navy was made three months ago. The need is greater today than it was then. Previous sea experience is not necessary to join this most attractive and essential branch of the service.

Men of British parentage, between the ages of 18 and 38 years, may join today and leave immediately for overseas service.

Ask particulars from any Bank Manager in Alberta or  
**E. H. WILSON**  
 10085 Jasper Ave. Edmonton.  
**J. S. NICHOLL**  
 Medicine Hat.  
**J. A. IRVINE**  
 Leeson-Lineham Bldg. Calgary.  
**F. W. DOWNER**  
 Lethbridge.

### GEO. W. EVANS

Undertaking and Embalming

Artificial wreaths always on hand. Weather extremes will not effect these flowers in any way.

Gleichen, - Alta.

### T. H. Beach Auctioneer

Sales Conducted any place in the Province

For terms enquire at Gleichen Harness Store. Office phone 3, residence phone P.O. Box 138 GLEICHEN, ALTA.

### HARDWICK BROS

P.O. Box 186, GLEICHEN Range, Snake Valley

Owners of all cattle branded:

left ribs left ribs right ribs  
 499 left ribs R. 9 left ribs  
 Horses branded: D right ribs

### F. A. McHUGH & SONS BLIND CREEK, ALTA.

Owners of horses branded H2 left thigh, 2H left thigh, 2 left thigh and left shoulder. Cattle branded H2 left ribs or left hip or both left ribs and left hip. 101 left hip — left ribs.

**DR. DEVAN'S FEMALE PILLS** Reliable medicine for all Female Complaints. \$5 a box, or three for \$10, at drug stores. Mailed to any address on receipt of price. THE SCOBELL DRUG CO., St. Catharines, Ontario.

**PHOSPHONOL FOR MEN** Restores Vims for Nerve and Brain; increases "grey matter"; a tonic will build you up. \$3 a box, or two for \$5, at drug stores, or by mail on receipt of price. THE SCOBELL DRUG CO., St. Catharines, Ontario. Sold at Yates Drug Store

### NOTICE

All persons are hereby warned against buying any grain, hay or other produce, cattle, horses, wagons, harnesses, saddles, mowers or rakes from any Indian of the Black-foot reserve without an officially printed permit issued by the Indian Agent.

Also not to take in pledge or make any loan upon any article to any Indian under penalty of having any such articles seized and being prosecuted for illegal pawning.  
**J. H. GOODERHAM**  
 18th Indian Agent

### Thomas Henderson

Successor to McKie and Henderson

REAL ESTATE

Fire, Life and Accident Insurance

### Carpets are on Hand

These carpets were ordered last summer, direct from the manufacturers, before the advance in prices for February delivery. They are now on hand and already several have been sold.

All sizes and kinds from

**\$12.00 up**

Plush mats wear longer than leather. Reg. \$5.50 for \$4.75

Fancy interwoven oil cloth mats \$1.00 and 75c.

### Gleichen Furniture Store

### Dissolution of Partnership Notice

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between J. L. McCrimmon and R. W. White, carrying on business as merchant tailors at Gleichen, under the firm name of McCrimmon & White, has by mutual consent been dissolved. And that R. W. White is now the sole proprietor of the said business, and asks for a continuation of the patronage of their customers.

**R. W. WHITE,**

Merchant Tailor, : : : Gleichen

a lake tug in a choppy sea. This all reflected on the broncho, which got ugly in its turn and for ten minutes Baptiste had all he could do to keep the outfit on an even keel. Then they got into another patch of brush where the going was easier, and the driver pulled up his coat, sat back on his board seat, and began thinking of the warm bar-rooms in Kenora.

Suddenly it came to him that the pung was travelling lighter than it had done, and looking around he was horrified to see that the box of the sleigh was empty. He had lost Big Jim.

Back at the camp, with a dozen men around and in full daylight the situation would have been one Baptiste could joke over. Here, alone, in the woods, and in darkness, it was not pleasant. The little Frenchman, though stout at heart, had his share of the superstition of his race, and things began to appear rather creepy to him.

He stopped the broncho, thought over the situation for a moment, and then tried to turn the animal around. All effort with the reins failed. Ordinarily heavy swearing would have had some effect, but by this time Baptiste was getting too frightened for that so this accustomed form of prod couldn't be utilized. Next he jumped from the seat, sank to his waist in the snow at the side of the road and plowed his way to the animal's head. His attempts to lead the beast around were likewise unavailing. The broncho had been well-trained in the idiosyncrasies of snow roads, where a step off the track plunges man or beast into a gully of soft snow with usually a foot of freezing water at the bottom, and so refused to turn an inch.

He tried in desperation to back her up, but a moment's thought showed the danger of this plan. He had no knowledge of how far back Big Jim's corpse lay. It might be a mile or only a few dozen feet. Surely the spirits of the dead man had been outraged enough now without risking backing the pung and horse over him.

Baptiste was in a quandary. For a minute or two he thought while his teeth began to chatter. Then he seemed to see a solution. He led the broncho, in spite of violent protestations from the animal, thirty yards further to a point where a big jack-pine jutted out close to the road, and there he tied the beast securely. Then, with many misgivings but with a creditable spirit of do-or-die, he waded around in the deep snow to the back of the pung and started off down the back trail with his eyes glued intently on the roadside.

At ordinary times Baptiste would go through the bush at night, singing. This time, however, he hadn't the spirit for any such cheer-producing procedure. Once a rabbit jumped across suddenly in front of him, and with a gulp of fear he jumped back and crossed himself. A little further on a tree branch at the road side snapped, and Baptiste put his hand to his belt for his sheath knife. Once he stopped to call for help. In an instant his shout rebounded from the rocky ledge and the woods in an unearthly echo, which scared him even worse.

It was a little lighter when he came to the edge of the woods and he was able to make better progress. Still, so far as he could see, there was no sign of the lost cargo. A couple of hundred yards further on, however, he found the box. He went back a quarter of a mile further, then retraced his steps, the semi-darkness making it impossible to be sure of anything. Suddenly he jumped back with his heart in his mouth. There to one side, Big Jim's feet were sticking up out of a drift. What first caught his eyes was the red socks turned up over his pants above the shoe-pieces. The body itself had sunk out of sight.

It was no small task for these little Frenchmen, wiry as he was, to get the body back on the road. And once there, what was he to do with it? Well, let his tell a little of the story himself as he told it that night to the engineers.

"He lie dere in de road wit' hees eyes open lookin' to me. I couldna leave him, c'est ce pas. Would remember hees eyes all me life. Try to put heem on ma back to draw heem, so—but da snow too sof, hees head senk in. What I do? Vite, I think she's froze too tight. I can turn heem up, an' so—" with descriptive gestures, "me, I got heem to da pung."

Was ever a more peculiar method of human transportation invented? Over and over, time after time, Baptiste turned the body of the big Swede, grunting with the effort each time he up-ended him, and with the perspiration running from his forehead in the frigid atmosphere of the winter night.

"He come down ever' time wit' beeg plunk," Baptiste continued, "an' with reference to the echo's effect, 'ever time from beside me come 'ugh' an' hees eyes look up to me so—'. But I got him dere finally."

Having reached the sleigh Baptiste with a good deal more difficulty got his gruesome passenger aboard. This time, however, he lashed him with the halter, and urging the half-frozen broncho on the road again, he lost no time in getting into Kenora.

"Weren't you pretty badly scared, Baptiste," queried Henderson, one of the engineers, as he shook with laughter at the Frenchman's story.

"Scared?" came the good-natured reply. "Me, I was scar' mos' so steil as Beeg Yim himsel'. But, with the satisfaction of having completed a good work, 'But, by gar, I got heem corner!'"

### Half a Century in Hospital

At a meeting of the executive of the Putney Hospital for Incurables it was stated that a male inmate had been there fifty-three years.

Vinegar is an excellent cleanser for nickel and mica and for brass if a little salt be added to it.

German banks use the finger print system of identification of patrons.

### BEATING MIDDLE AGE

How Bad Habits Take Effect—Education Required

The death rate shows an alarming increase in persons over 45. Men instead of being at their top notch of usefulness suddenly give way as the 50-year mark is approached. Their disregard of health rules in early life is usually the reason.

Now health workers have undertaken a steady, systematic campaign of education whereby men and women approaching middle years can be taught to care for themselves in such a way that the present death rate will drop and their working efficiency be extended accordingly.

"It is entirely possible," declares Dr. Herman M. Biggs, "for the average man and woman to extend their active, useful lives by not less than five years." But it means avoiding excesses of all kinds, careful attention to diet, a moderate amount of exercise and plenty of sleep.

The story of Luigi Cornaro, the famous Venetian nobleman, who at 40, was literally dying from high living, is worth knowing.

When the physicians of his day could do no more for him he determined to make one last effort by reversing absolutely the course of life through which he had been brought to such extremity. Formerly a glutton he changed to a most rigorous diet. And the results of this restricted diet, fresh air, early to bed and moderate exercise were astonishing. At the age of 80 he still mounted his horse alone and rode every day for a score of miles. He lived to be 95.

### COLORS AND HARMONY

Useful Information in the Blending of Hues

Red and green may produce good results, provided the right shades are used. For instance, a red which is dulled with brown may be trimmed with dull green with harmonious results; or a soft, dull green gown may be combined with trimmings of dull red without violating the rules of color harmony. Brown and blue are not complementary colors, and yet many persons are given to combining brown and blue. All browns are either yellow or orange dulled with black. There are red browns and yellow browns, and the most harmonious combinations for these are warm yellows, orange or red with a yellow tone to it. Brown is a warm color; gray, or most grays, are cold; therefore the latter—the blue grays in particular—combine well with pale blue.

Pink in the hands of an artist may have a good many liberties taken with it, and with happy results. In the hands of the average woman it combines best with white or black or a slightly deeper shade of pink. There is a soft pale green which is the complementary color of pink, and French women combine violet, blue, green and pink in one costume with exquisite color effect and harmony.

It is not always necessary to have a hat the same color as the costume. That is not necessary to preserve harmony. It is necessary, however, to have the hat accord with the trimmings of the costume or some tone or color in it. For instance, if the latter be brown, trimmed with ecru or orange, the hat may be entirely or mostly of ecru or orange trimmed with brown. A black hat worn with a blue gown will look very well, whereas a brown hat and a blue gown in juxtaposition, are "awful."

### Bean Soup

A cupful of cold baked beans furnishes the foundation for this excellent soup. The beans having been already well seasoned and thoroughly cooked, the soup is very easily made. Place two tablespoonfuls each of butter and flour in a saucepan over the fire, stir them until they are brown, then add one cup of baked beans and three pints of boiling water, season with celery cut in inch pieces, if you have it, and add salt and pepper. Boil until the beans are soft, then pass through a colander, rubbing the beans through with a potato masher. Return the soup to the fire and allow it to boil up once before using.

### Money and Public Health

No graver responsibility than the conservation of public health rests on civilized nations, and it so far transcends other social or economic questions that neither time or money ought to be considered a serious factor in the proper and prompt safeguarding of the life and health of the people.—George Shiras.

### Baked Hash of Rice and Beef

Into a stewpan put one cupful of chopped cold beef, one cupful of cooked rice, one cupful of milk, two tablespoonfuls of butter, one teaspoonful of salt, one-quarter of a teaspoonful of pepper. Stir for one minute, then add a well beaten egg. Turn the hash into a baking dish and bake twenty minutes.

### THE MCKAY HARDWARE STORE

After being in business for three months we have a big stock of

Lamps, Lanterns  
 High Grade Coal Oil  
 Bonny Oak and  
 Hot Blast Heaters

We have just received a large shipment of grain scoops. They can be used for half bushel measure and are the latest scoop on the market.

When you want any hardware be sure and call on us. We are always glad to sell you small orders as well as big ones.

**F. K. McKAY, Prop.**

### Massey-Harris Agency

Makes all kinds of good implements for good farming. Now is the time to place your orders for spring delivery.

The steel box drill is the best on earth. We have them.

We also have agencies for some of best oil and gas tractors for farm use. Get our prices.

### A. R. TUDHOPE, Agent

Licensed Auctioneer for the Province of Alberta. 20 Years experience. Terms reasonable.

### Gleichen Train Arrivals

The new C.P.R. time table took effect on Sunday, Oct. 29th, and the arrivals at Gleichen are as follows:

Train No. 1—west bound—2.31  
 " 3—west bound—14.56  
 " 2—east bound—4.07  
 " 4—east bound—17.24

The amalgamated Presbyterian Church of Gleichen holds services as follows: Morning service 11, evening 7.30, Sunday school every Sunday morning at 10. Mid-week Bible class at 8. You are cordially invited to each and all of these services. Hymn books provided. Minister, Rev. John White, B. A.

Say you read it in the CALL.

GOLDEN JUBILEE LODGE No. 35

### KNIGHTS of PYTHIAS

—meet—  
 Every Thursday, at 8 P.M.,  
 —IN—  
 GLEICHEN CASTLE HALL

H. D. McKay G. E. Bell  
 C.O. K. of R. and S.

### Prairie Lodge 44

Meets Every Monday Evening at 8 in the Larkin Hall

Visiting brethren cordially invited.  
 Peter MacLean, Noble Grand  
 E. E. Holland, Secretary

The price of paper and ink continues to advance in price, and in order to meet it all subscriptions must be paid in advance.

**PAY When You Graduate**  
 Garbutt Business College, Calgary











## RAMSAY'S BUSY STORE BRIEFS

March 1st means the opening up of our Spring Campaign

### OUR PREPARATIONS

have been going on for some time and if Goods of Quality in enormous quantities at our CASH PRICES and our usual Busy Store enthusiasm count for anything it is going to be Some Spring 1917 Business.

Our big range of Dry Goods is our leading feature, personally selected in the markets after the arrival of all the New Spring ideas. This week's display is captivating our lady customers, and our splendid selections which we can show are our best advertisements. Follow the crowd and personally inspect our stock.

We are also featuring this week an over-loaded wholesale special of Children Dresses at prices 25 cents each. These are a snap. Ladies All-over Aprons this week's leader at 50c. Ladies House Dresses is one of our drawing cards in new spring stuff, going out at \$1.25. Another shipment of Ladies \$1.25 Waists to hand on Monday, it keeps us busy stocking up them.

Silk sweaters and new Skirts showing; also Embroideries and Laces in abundance.

#### Now for House Cleaning.

Everybody getting busy. Window Curtains for \$1.25 per pair up. Draperies, Cretones, Art Sateens and Window Shades. Sheetings, Pillow Cottons, Etc., Etc.

#### Turning from dry goods to Farming

We announce the arrival of 250 copies of Dr. Korinek's splendid volume entitled "The Veterinary", which we are now throwing out to our customers. It is absolutely reliable and up-to-date, and the recognized standard authority of most of the leading veterinary colleges of the United States and of Canada. Call and secure one with Ramsay's compliments. It is one of our standing Busy Store advertisements.

#### 10 Carloads of Potatoes Wanted at once.

The Price we are paying is \$1.25 per Bushel. Sing out if you have any McIntyre's to sell. No Sacks required. We want these goods as we are under contract to load 10 cars at once.

Yours for Spring Business,

J. A. RAMSAY

"The Busy Store"

Where the People Trade

#### Crown Lumber Coy.

Even if you need but a shelf phone the CROWN.

Every order large or small receives our prompt attention. Phones 11 & 36.

C. B. Hyndman  
AGENT, GLEICHEN.

#### PROSPECT FARM

I am instructed by F. W. Crandall, owner of "Prospect Farm", three miles northwest of Gleichen, that his interests are such he is not able to give proper attention to this farm, and has placed it in my hands for a short time to dispose of.

This is one of the best farms in this district, and being so near in should make a fine home. There is a Spring on the place, and all usual improvements.

Call on me at once for terms and conditions.

Thos. Henderson, Gleichen.

## J. O. BOGSTIE

DEALER IN

Farm Implements, Automobiles, Harness, Etc.

My spring stock is now complete with everything needed by the Farmer. Inspection will convince you the prices are right and the material the very best manufactured.

#### Automobiles

We are agents for the McLAUGHLIN. The best car for the money in Canada.

Our garage, in the basement of the Griesbach Block, is the most up-to-date in Alberta. We are prepared to do all kinds of repairing on short notice. Acetylene welding a specialty.

#### Kentucky Drills

Just received a carload of Light Draft Kentucky Drills—with detachable shoe heel. Be sure to see these before buying.

#### Acetylene Welding

Bring us all your old broken castings and we will make them as good as new, no matter how large or small. An expert is now on the job, who will save you time and money. No need now to send away and wait days and weeks for any of your repairs.

#### Harness

We bought a large stock last July before the price advanced and are in a position to give our customers this advantage in harness. Look over our stock if you want to save money.

Chatham, Winner and New Superior Fanning Mills.

Primrose Separators, the best on the market.

Standard Sewing Machine.

Weber and Fish Wagons

Grey Campbell Buggies. Scales. Kitchen Cabinets.

Titan and Mogul Gasoline Engines and Tractors

International Harvesting Company full line of repairs

Advance Rumely Threshing Machine Company

Drills, Packers, Harrows, Binders, Separators, Mowers

Largest Implement Stock in this District to select from

J. O. BOGSTIE,

GLEICHEN

#### LOCAL AND GENERAL

For results advertise in the CALL.

A. Milkowsky's auction sale has been postponed to Tuesday, March 6th, when T. H. Beach will offer all his live stock, farm implements, household effects for sale. Read his ad.

Send all your job printing to the CALL. It will pay you.

All envelopes have advanced in the past year \$1 and up wholesale.

C. Solberg and wife returned on Friday from spending six weeks visiting relatives in Dakota.

A. R. Tudhope realized well for Wells Hayes at his auction sale last Friday, obtaining good prices.

Miss Carrie McArthur returned last week from Winnipeg, where she has been residing for some months past.

The ice men are harvesting an excellent crop. This is one thing that has not advanced in price in these war times.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Kampton of Beaton, Ontario, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Tudhope on their honey moon trip to the Coast.

J. H. Gooderham returned from a trip to Ottawa and Toronto last Saturday, where he spent about six weeks combining business and pleasure.

Dr. and Mrs. McEwen of Alderson spent a few days last week visiting the former's sister, Mrs. J. A. McDonald, after taking in the Royal Arch convocation and dance.

Manager Lett, of the Royal Bank, is a very happy man as he has received word that a son and heir was born in a Calgary hospital on the 19th instant. Mrs. Lett and child are doing well.

After the regular five reels Saturday night free films will be shown in the Opera House of the Stauder Mak-A-Tractor, showing how a Ford car can be converted into a powerful machine that will do nearly all the heavy team work of the farm.

Manager James Cameron, of the local Bank of Commerce, is another one who is pleased with results of CALL advertising. Last week we published the appended ad, and he says only a few hours after it appeared he had a personal applicant and since has had others:

WANTED—Lady clerk in Canadian Bank of Commerce, Gleichen, during duration of war. Apply by letter at once.

Joe Marshall left on Monday for Taber, where he will take a similar position in the Royal Bank as he held here. Joe was born and raised in Gleichen, and this will be his first absence from town for any length of time, and we are sure that wherever he may be he will prove a credit to our town. He will be greatly missed from town, especially by the young people, as he is an accomplished pianist and no dance or musical party was complete without Joe. All will join in wishing the young man every success in life and hope he will visit his home often and return to be manager of the Gleichen bank some day in the near future.

There is nothing pro-ally in the Craigantler district or at least among the dancing parties. They expect help to keep the school going but do not want to do anything British to help win the war. The country school should not be free to such people. Some of them did not know what it is to have a good living till they came under the British flag, but generally that is the kind who give nothing.

WANTED—2000 bushels seed oats. Apply Box B, Call office. 50tf

The farmers meeting in the Craigantler school house last Friday was well attended, although here was a big auction sale not far distant the same day. Mr. A. A. Campbell's address on live stock was well received.

## THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

SIR EDMUND WALKER, C.V.O., LL.D., D.C.L., President  
JOHN AIRD, General Manager  
H. V. F. JONES, Asst. General Manager  
V. C. BROWN, Superintendent of Central Western Branches

CAPITAL, \$15,000,000 RESERVE FUND, \$13,500,000

### SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS

Interest at the current rate is allowed on all deposits of \$1 and upwards. Careful attention is given to every account. Small accounts are welcomed. Accounts may be opened and operated by mail.

Accounts may be opened in the names of two or more persons, with drawings to be made by any one of them or by the survivor. W58

GLEICHEN BRANCH, J. CAMERON, Manager



LET US  
FURNISH  
YOU  
FURNISHINGS

Furnish your body and make it fit to live in. We have the fine furnishings that will do the job right. Just come in and look around and your eyes will light on a necktie you will want or a nobby shirt you'd like to wear.

Hicks Trading Co.

### CAR LOAD OF YOUNG HORSES FOR SALE

at Right Prices

This is an exceptionally fine bunch, but if you require something stronger see my STEEL MULE

Roy M. Allen

### Auction Sale

Wm. Robertson, 1 mile west of Queenstown, P.O.s.e. qr. 15-19-22

I have been instructed sell by public auction at his farm on

Monday, March 19th

his entire stock of horses, cattle, harness and farm machinery and every thing that is found on a well-equipped farm including household effects.

Sale starts at 12 o'clock. Term cash. No reserve

T. H. BEACH, Auctioneer